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APPLICATION NO.	F	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/679,023		10/03/2003	Edmund J. Balboni	Analog.7150	1507	
55740	7590	04/03/2006		EXAMINER		
		NNORS, LLP	CHANG, JOSEPH			
	25 FRANKLIN STREET OSTON, MA 02110			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
200101.,				2817		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/679,023	BALBONI ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Joseph Chang	2817
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 Ja  2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This  3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.  nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims	•	
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1-14,27 and 28 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1,3,5-8,12-14,27 and 28 is/are rejecte</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) 2, 4, 9-11 is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or</li> </ul>	vn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>03 October 2003</u> is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	a) $\square$ accepted or b) $\square$ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO.413)
Notice of Neterences Cited (PTO-992)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3, 5, 7, 27 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Griffith et al., US Pub. No. 20020039050 A1 (cited by the applicant).

Regarding Claim 1, Griffith et al. discloses a phase-locked loop bandwidth calibration circuit (Figure 2-4), comprising: a programmable charge pump (50); a phase-locked loop tilter (48) operatively connected to said programmable charge pump (50); an oscillator (44) operatively connected to said phase-locked loop filter (48), to generate a frequency signal based upon a signal (62) received from said phase-locked loop filter (48); and a control loop (60) operatively connected to said phase-locked loop filter (48) and said programmable charge pump (50); said control loop (60) including a gain measurement circuit (56 and 58) operatively connected to the oscillator (44), to measure a gain of the oscillator (56 and 58); the control loop (60) controlling the programmable charge pump (50) to adjust its output current level based on the measured gain of said oscillator (44, gain of the oscillator is normally determined by oscillation frequency over a control voltage from loop filter and notated as K. It is also noted that the magnitude of the frequency control input to the voltage controlled

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oscillator is considered "measured gain of the oscillator" because the pump gain is based on the magnitude)

Regarding Claim 3, Griffith et al. discloses that the control loop (60) controls said programmable charge pump to adjust its output current level so that the product of the measured gain and a charge pump current level is kept constant (see Para. [0024], the functional recitation inherently exists in the structure because it is capable of performing the functional recitation).

Regarding Claim 5, Figure 2 shows an integer-N divider (46) and a phase and frequency detector (52).

Regarding Claims 27 and 28, the method recitation inherently exist in the structure as discussed above.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to

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consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 7 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Griffith et al. in view of Eriksson, US Patent No. 5,986,512.

As noted above, Griffith et al. disclosed a phase-locked loop bandwidth calibration circuit (Figure 2-4) including a phase and frequency detector and an integer-N divider except a sigma-delta- modulator connected to the divider. As would have been well known in the art, such configuration as shown in Eriksson provides stable oscillation frequency and reduction in noise. And therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to include a sigma-delta-modulator in the circuit of Griffith et al. because such a modification would have provided the benefit as stated above. It is also noted that the functional limitations in Claim 8 inherently exist in the structure.

Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Griffith et al. in view of Kirkpatrick, US Patent No. 6,476,681.

As noted above, Griffith et al. disclosed a phase-locked loop bandwidth calibration circuit (Figure 2-4) including a phase locked loop filter. However, the filter has not been explicitly disclosed with a switch to the capacitor to effect a PLL bandwidth. As would have been well known in the art, such configuration as shown in Kirkpatrick provides adjustable PLL bandwidth to allow for the input signal over both broad bandwidth and a narrow bandwidth. And therefore, it would have been obvious to

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one of ordinary skill in the art to include a switch in the circuit of Griffith et al. because such a modification would have provided the benefit as stated above.

Claims 13 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Griffith et al. in view of Lo et al., US Pub. No. 20020075091

As noted above, Griffith et al. disclosed a phase-locked loop bandwidth calibration circuit (Figure 2-4) including a phase locked loop filter. However, the filter has not been explicitly disclosed with a path having an integrator path and a lead-lag path. As would have been well known in the art, such configuration as shown in Lo et al. provides a dual path to allow the total capacitance required in the loop filter to be reduced while still retaining an adequate signal to noise ration in the filter. And therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to include a dual path in the circuit of Griffith et al. because such a modification would have provided the benefit as stated above. It is noted that the limitation in Claim 14 is obvious consequence of construction using a dual path in the loop filter.

### Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 2, 4 and 9-11 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the best prior art of record, Griffith et al., taken alone or in combination of other

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references, does not teach or fairly suggest "gain measurement circuit include a voltage difference measurement circuit, ...at different times"

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joseph Chang whose telephone number is 571 272-1759. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 0700-1730.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Pascal can be reached on (571) 272-1769. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JOSEPH CHANG

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